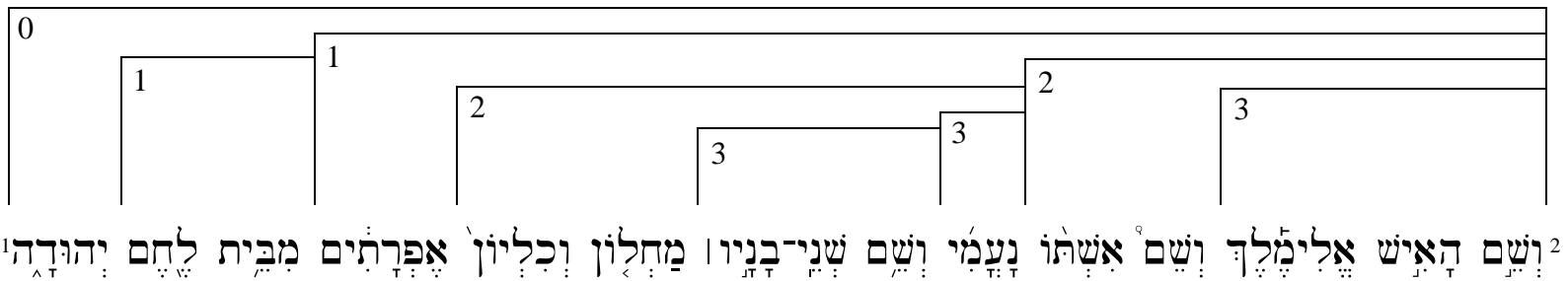
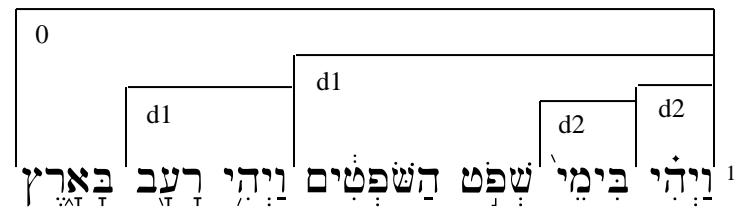


Accent diagrams of Ruth 1

/=0, []=1, ()=2, {}=3

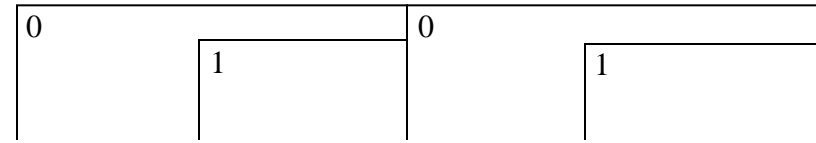
1:1 [(And it was in the days) of the judging of the judges] there was a famine] in the land/ [(and a man went} from Betlehem of Judah) to stay) in Moab country] he and his wife] and his two sons/



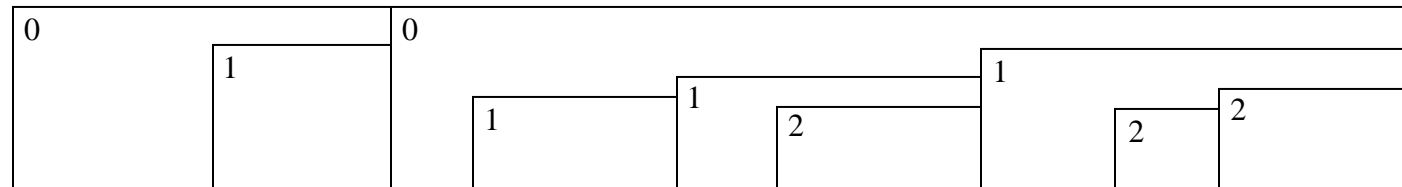
1:2 [(Now the name of the man was Elimelek} and the name of his wife) was No'omi} and the names of his two sons} were Mahlon and Chilyon) of Ephratha] from Betlehem] of Judah/ [and they came to Moab country] and they remained there/



<sup>a</sup> If phrases are left with more than two words, any distinctions are likely too subtle for most potential exegetical moves.



3 וַיָּמָת אֱלִימֶלֶךְ אִישׁ נְעֻמִי וַתִּשְׂאָר הִיא וּשְׁנֵי בָנֶיהָ:



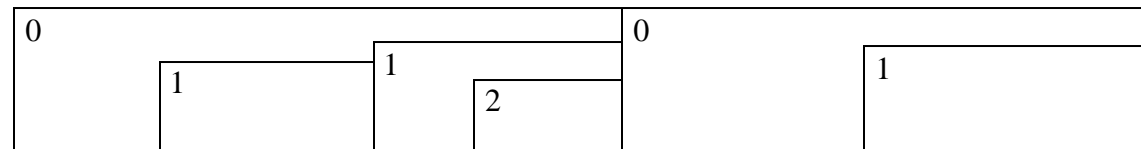
4 וַיֵּשְׂאוּ לָהֶם נָשִׁים מֹאבִיּוֹת שֵׁם הָאֶחָת עֹרְפָּה וְשֵׁם הַשֵּׁנִית רוּת וַיָּשְׁבוּ שָׁם כְּעֶשְׂרִי שָׁנִים:

1:3 [Then died Elimelek] husband of No'omi/ [and she remained] and her two sons/

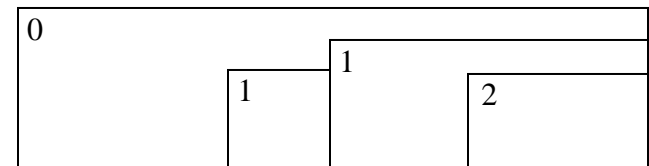
1:4 [(and they took) wives) Moabitesses] the name of the one) was Orpah) and the name of the other) was Ruth/ [and they lived there] about ten years/

1:5 [and they died also the two of them] Mahlon and Chilyon/ [(and remained) the woman] from her two children] and her husband/

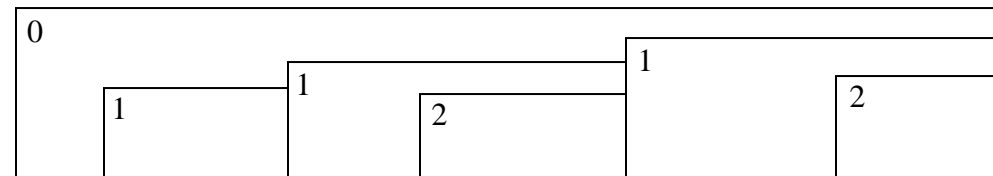
1:6 [(and arose she) and her daughters-in-law] and returned] from Moab country/ [(for she had heard) in Moab country] that the Lord had remembered) his people] to give bread] to them/



5 וַיָּמָוּתוּ גַם-שְׁנֵיהֶם מַחֲלוֹן וְכִלְיוֹן וַתִּשְׂאָר הָאִשָּׁה מִשְׁנֵי יַלְדֶיהָ וּמְאִישָׁהּ:



6 וַתָּקָם הִיא וְכַלְתֶּיהָ וַתֵּשֶׁב מִשְׁדֵּי מוֹאָב



7 כִּי שָׁמְעָה בַשָּׂדֶה מוֹאָב כִּי-פָקַד ה' אֶת-עַמּוֹ לַתֵּת לָהֶם לֶחֶם: